



## **DRAFT TANZANIA STANDARD**

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**Paints and varnishes - Drying tests — Part 6: Print-free test**

**TANZANIA BUREAU OF STANDARDS**

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# CDC 13 (4140) DTZS ISO 9117-6: 2012

## National foreword

Tanzania Bureau of Standards (TBS) is a sole National Standards body, established by the Standards Act No. 2 of 2009. It is mandated, among other functions, with formulation of National Standards in all products.

This Draft of Tanzania Standard is being prepared by Paints and Varnish Technical Committee under the supervision of Chemical Divisional Standards Committee

This Draft Tanzania Standard is identical adoption of ISO 9117-6: 2012 *Paints and varnishes - Drying tests — Part 6: Print-free test* published by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

## Terminology and conventions

Some terminology and certain conventions in the ISO standards are not identical with those used in Tanzania Standards and attention is drawn to the following:

The comma (,) has been used as a decimal marker (.) for metric dimensions. In Tanzania Standards, it is current practice to use a full point on the base line as the decimal marker.

Wherever the words “International Standard” appear in this Tanzania Standard, they should be interpreted as “Tanzania Standard”.

## Scope

This part of ISO 9117 specifies a method for assessing, by means of a simple empirical test, the resistance of a coat of paint, varnish or related product to imprinting by a nylon gauze under a specified force applied for a specified time.

The method may be carried out

- either as a “pass/fail” test by determining whether the print-free state has been reached after a specified period of drying or, in the case of stoving coatings, after stoving and ageing under specified conditions,
- or by repeating the print-free test at suitable intervals until the print-free time is obtained.

